National Journal [EXTRA.]

(For Rules of the House o Representatives, See folio 145.)

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THE CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION, EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS.

Documents.

Report from the Secretary of the Treasury, on the State of the Finance.

Treasury Department, December 31, 1823.

Six: I have the honour to transmit a report, prepared in obedience to the "Act supplementary to the act to establish the Treasury Department." I have the honour to be, very respectfully, Sir, your obedient servant, WM. H. CRAWFORD.

The Hon, the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

REPORT.

In obedience to the directions of the "Act supplementary to the act to establish the Treasury Department," the Secretary of the Treasury respectfully submits the following Report:

1. Of the Public Revenue and Expenditure of the years, 1822 & 1823.

The nett revenue which accrued from duties on imports and the year 1822, amounted (see statement A) to, \$20,500,775 91. The actual receipts into the Treasury during the year 1822, am	ounted to-
Customs (statement A)	17,589,761 94
Public lands, exclusive of Mississippi stock, (statement D)	1,803,581 54
Dividends on stock in the Bank of the United States	297,500 00
Arrears of internal duties and direct tax, and incidental receipts	多种的一种种种的
and repayments under act of 1st May, 1820, (statement E)	541,584 46
· 2016年4月,10月時間,12日的10日,10日日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日本日	90 1139 402 04

	SHEDE NEW		ALC: UNIVERSITY	31/2016	den (CD)	STATE OF	20,232,427	94
	Making, with the	balance in the	e Treasu	ry on t	he 1st of	Januar	y and the second	
	1822, of				. 10		1,681,592	24
	An aggregate of	J. 15 T. N. Z.	*		STATE OF THE STATE OF	ola Biografia	\$21,914,020	18
	The expenditures			mount	ed (state	't F) to		
	Civil, diplomatic,	and miscellar	neous			67,996	24	
	Military services,	including forti	fications	, ordna	ace,			
ß.	Indian departm	nent, revolution	onary a	id milit	ary			-
ž	pensions, armin	g the militia, a	nd arrea	rages p		37500		
	to the 1st Janu	ary, 1817		A VIII	- 5,6	35,188	29	
	Napal sprvice, in		radual i	ncrease	of		PERSON ASSESSED.	1987 1987

the navy	200	TO SEE				2,224,458 98
Public debt						7,848,949 12
					7638	17,676,592 63
Lassing a hala	nce in	the Tre	BRITTE D	in the lat I	lanu.	wer 1000 of A 030 407 45

Ŋ	Leaving a balance in the Treasury, on the 1st January, 1823, of 4,237,427	55
	The actual receipts into the Treasury during the three first quarters of the year 1823, are estimated to have amounted to—	
ß.	Customs - 15,019,392	74
31	Public lands exclusive of Mississippi stock, (statement G.) 657,505	73
	Dividends on stock in the Bank of the United States, - 350,000	00
8	Arrears of Internal duties and direct tax, and incidental receipts,	ME.
9	(statement H.) 102,726	15
	Repayment of advances made in the War Department, for servi-	

ces, or supplies prior to 1st July, 1816 (statement H.)	44,410	64
	16,174,035	26
The actual receipts into the Treasury, during the fourth quarter	4,270,000	00

Making the total esti-	mated receipts is	to the Treasury	, during t	he
year 1823.			TOTAL TYPE THE	20,444,035 26
And, with the balance	in the Treasury	, on the 1st Jan	uary, 185	3,
forming an acereca				94 681 469 91

forming an aggregate of	- 24,681,462 31
The expenditures during the three first quarters of	the year 1823,
are estimated to have amounted to (statement I.	OF THE STREET, STREET, ST. LA.
And the stand of the standard	1 210 May 11

with the deptoting story and the second story	2300000000	-13
Military service, including fortifications, ordnance,		
Indian department, revolutionary and military		
pensions, arming the militia, and arcerrages prior		
to 1st January, 1817	4,333,715	1
to 1st samuary, 1011		
War at most a to deading anadom linear and an area	1 786 000	

Naval service;	including	gradual	increase	of navy,	1,776,989	37
Public debt,		100 miles	Ballette.	April Descri	3,751,407	17
Stal makertan	BAND KAR	SALES OF	I MESSIGN		ARTESTANDA EX	-11,422,8

The expenditures during the fourth quarter, are esti-	mated at-
Civil, diplomatic, and miscellaneous, -	489,704 11
Military service, including fortifications, ordnance,	
I salt a to be a second as a second s	

" Indian department, revolutionary and military	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY.
pensions, arming the militia, and arrearages pri-	Harry Carrier L
or to lat January, 1817,	899,449 93
Naval service, including gradual increase of the navy,	796 776 46

Naval service, including	gradual increase of the da		
Public debt,	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE	1,778,629 24	2 004 550 7
and a supplementation of the second	AND THE PARTY OF T	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	3,894,559 74

Making the total es	timated expenditure of the year	1823,	15,317,407 04
And leaving in the	Treasury, on the 1st January,	1824,	an
estimated balance of	AL PERSONAL PROPERTY.	15 0.10	9,364,055 77

After deducting from this sum certain balances of appropriations, amounting to \$2,897,036 47, which are necessary to effect the objects for which they were severally made, or have been deducted from the estimates for the service of the ensuing year, a balance of \$6,466,969 30 remains; which with the receipts into the Treasury during the year 1824, constitutes the means for defraying the current services of the receipts. rent service of that year.

9. Of the Public Debt.

T	he funde	d debt, v	vhich w	as contract	ed bef	ore the y	ear 1812	, and which was
unre	deemed	on the 1s	t day o	f October,	1822,	amounte	d, (see at	tatement No. 1,)
to		THE SECTION	Section 1	Al real lances in			-	17,189,952 60

And that which v	vas contra	cted subs	sequentl	y to the	1st of J	a-	
nuary, 1812, and w	as unrede	emed on	the 1st	of Oct	ber, 182	2.	4
amounted, (stateme	nt 1) to				124 55	75.852,848 58	1
Making the total	amount of	funded d	ebt, uni	edeeme	d on the	st	
of October 1892			Park seri	1000	3770 m (82 (9)	93 042 701 16	i

In the fourth quarter of that year, there was p	aid the sum of-	STATE OF
Reimbursement of six per cent. deferred stock,	265,673 32	33977
Redemption of six per cent. stock, of 1820,	2,000,000 00	ALCOHOL:
The ASS TRACK SECTION FOR THE SECTION OF A SE	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2.265.675

是持定性。因他们已	99.0			CHAMPAGE TO ST	ALTERNA	DESCRIPTION PROTECTION	2,200,013	3.5
Reducing t	he fu	inded d	ebt on	the 1st of Jan	nuary,	1823, (state	SELENOVEL CINE	5 4
ment 2) to	250	15473.0	*140.	TO WATER A	della	Charles Large	90,777,027	86
From that	day	to the	1st of	October last,	there	was added to		
the debt-				I calant the	1357.7			
THE PROPERTY OF THE	T. Miller & M.	7555 LIS 648		#4.05 (2023 E. 10.352) 140		The second second	7 3 - 10 1 4 9 2 9 20 1	

In three per cent. stock,			132 39	
Treasury note six per cent. stock,	25000	- 17	1,561 87	
Treasury note seven per cent. stock,	SHOUTH	10 45 N3	135 00	
\$6.00 P. S.	A 101 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	No house which		

	440.60	-
Making an aggregate of	90,778,857	1:
During the same period, there was paid, in rembursement of	f Lorentz	
the deferred six per cent. stock,	327,022	38
Reducing the funded debt, on the 1st of October, 1823, (state	TATAL SALE	134
ment 3) to	90,451,834	21

ment 3) to			Act and		1		90,4	51,834	24
Since that cent. stock,	day, there	has bee	n added	in Ti	reasury	note six	per	716	75
Making an			hursemer	t of d	afarrad	etask in		52,550	99

It is estimated that the reimbursemen	nt of deferred stoo	k, in the	0.000	
fourth quarter of the present year, will			274,588	85
Which will reduce the funded debt,	unredeemed on t	he lst of		

The amount of Treasury Notes, outstanding on the 1st of October, 1823, is estimated No. 4) at \$26,122 00. And the amount of Mississippi Stock unredeemed on that day, (statement 5,) at \$21,258 87.

3. Of the Estimate of the Public Revenue, and Expenditure for the year 1824.

3. Of the Estimate of the Public Revenue, and Expenditure for the year 1824. It will be perceived, that the actual receipts of the year 1823, agree, substantially, with the estimate presented in the last annual report. The only deficiency is in the proceeds of the public lands; and that is understood to have been the consequence of an expectation, generally entertained, that the lands which were relinquished under the act of the 2d of March, 1821, and which are supposed to present the strongest inducements to purchasers, would be brought into market early in the ensuing year; with respect to the customs, however, the anticipations that had been formed, both as to the circumstances which were calculated to have an influence upon their productiveness, and as to the results, have been completely realized. It is believed, therefore, that data founded upon the same principles as those which governed in forming the estimate for the year 1823, may be satisfactorily presented as the basis of an estimate for the year 1824. With

completely realized. It is believed, therefore, that data founded upon the same principles as those which governed in forming the estimate for the year 1823, may be satisfactorily presented as the basis of an estimate for the year 1824. With this view, the Secretary has the honor to state:

1et, That the gross amount of duties on imports and tonnage, which accrued from the 1st of January to the 30th September last, inclusive, is estimated at \$17,800,000; and that of the whole year at \$21,000,000. Of this sum, that portion which accrued in the first half of the year, is about \$1,000,000 less than that of the same period in the preceding year; and that which accrued in the three first quarters of the year, is estimated at \$1,700,000 less than that of the corresponding quarters of the preceding year.

2d, That the debentures issued during the three first quarters of the year 1823, amounted to \$3,412,000; which exceeds the amount issued during the corresponding period of the year 1922, by \$1,500,000; and the amount of debentures outstanding on the 30th September last, and chargeable upon the revenue of 1824, was \$1,405,000; which is \$500,000 more than was, on the same day, in 1822, chargeable upon the revenue of 1823.

3d, That the value of domestic articles exported from the United States, in the year ending on the 30th of September last, amounted to \$47,155,711; being \$2,718,368 less than those exported in the year preceding; and the value of foreign articles exported in the year ending on the 30th of September last, was \$27,530,469; being \$5,244,267 more than those exported in the preceding year.

3th, That the aggregate value of the imports into the United States, during the year ending on the 30th September last, is estimated at \$77,486,432; which is less, by \$5,755,109, than those imported in the preceding year.

5th, That the amount of custom-house bonds, in suit, which, on the 30th of September, 1820, was \$3,130,000, and steep not preceding the whole period, yet the amount in suit on the 30th of September l

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Extra duty on teas imported fre

4 SUGAR White c

5. SALT. Exporte Bountie reduc

Duck, Ru Rn Ho Sheeting,

Beer, ale

Oil, sperr what olive Cocoa...

Sugar, ci

Fruits, o

Candles Cheese. Soap... Tallow. Spice, n

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Tobacci Snuff... Indiga. Cotton.

Gunpov

Glue... Paints,

Cordag

Copper Wire. Iron, t

YOUR COMPANY OF THE PARTY AND THE PARTY OF T	
TATEMENT, exhibiting the amount of duties which accrue	MAIS CLASS
dise, &c. Sc. during the year ending on the 31st day of Decen	nber, 1822.
ies on Merchandise	24,078,919 02
ies on Tonnage and Light money	222.10 144 00
pentures issued	. 2,851,196 06
whack on domestic refined sugar, and domestic spirits	153 540 93
ss revenue	.21,207,048 80
onses of collection	706,272 59
revenue	.17,589,761 94
Fig. 1. The Fig. 1 was the case B. and the contract of the case of	O Change of Street
STATEMENT exhibiting the value and quantities, respective	ly, of Merchan.
lise on which duties actually account during the year 1822, (co	onsisting of the
lifference between articles paying duty imported, and those en ack re-exported;) and, also, of the nett revenue which accrued	that year, from
luties on merchandise, tonnage, pasports, and clearances.	FILE SERVICES
Merchandise paying duties ad valorem.	190 - 1 4 5 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
918,557 dollars at 7 1-2 per cent 68,891 77	STE BENTAN
900,536do15do	
701,040do25do	- 1 7 CAST 49 CA
099,034do30do	P. Carrier and P.
444.672 at 20.69 ave 10,024,043 37	
	10,024,043 37
Specific Duties. Wines 2,439,833 gls. at 30.04 cents average 747,996 35	NOT THE OWNER.
Spirits 4,567,744do40.47do 2,040,412 90	em village to be a
Molasses 12,357,372do 5.00	O TO
Feas 5,430,630 lbs. at 30.87do 1,676,247 91 Coffee 14,282,982do 5.00do 714,149 10	《一· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sugar 76,952,433do 3.08do 2,374,768 24	
Salt 3,538,323 bush at 20do 707,664 60 All other articles	
Night paid the call and a second	10,921,897 84
and the delicant Designation and the second second	20,945,941 21
om which deduct Duties refunded, &c. after deducting there- rom duties on merchandise, the particulars of which were not	
endered by the Collectors, and difference in calculation	13,778 33
d 2 1-2 per cent. retained on drawback 81,804 68 tra duty on merchandise imported in foreign	14-14-12-12-13
ressels 33,689 42	
erest on custom house bonds 20,054 97 6,470 80	142,019 87
ties on meechandise	21,074,182 78
ties on tonnage 114,794 01	THE STORES
th money	127,892 68
	21,212,2.9 43
duct drawback on domestic refined sugar 1,981 68	
do, on domestic distilled spirits	5,170 93 21,207,048 50
penses of collection	706,272 59
Nett revenue, per statement A	\$20,500,775 91
Explanatory Statements and Notes.	of the second of
WINES Madeira 119,875 galls. at 100 cents	119,875 00
Burgundy, &c	
Sherry and St. Lucar 39,102 galls, at 60 cents Lisbon, Oporto, &c 441,628 galls, at 50 ceuts	23,461 20
Teneriffe, Fayal, &c 357,619 gails. at 40 cents	143,047 60
Claret, in bottles 33,844 galls. at 30 cents All other	
2,489,833	8747,996 35
SPIRITS Grain, 1st proof 634,572 galls, at 42 cents	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
2d 61,775 galls. at 45 cents	
3d 16,331 galls. at 48 cents	
4th 14,214 galls. at 52 cents 5,040 galls. at 60 cents	
Other, 1st and 2d 451,889 galls. at 38 cents	171,717 82
3d 1,194,294 galls. at 42 cents 4th 2,152,057 galls. at 48 cents	
5th 36,687 galls. at 57 cents	20,911 59
Above 5th 885 galls. at 70 cents	The second secon
4,567,744	\$2,040,412 80
TEAS.—Bohea	
Hyson skin	508,005 68
Hysen and young do 1,848,495 lbs. at 40 certs	739,398 00 120,623 00
Imperial	140,020 00

n other places than Chi

\$1,676,947 91

uncertain to what extent this may be deemed advisable, and as the sale of these lands will probably absorb a great portion of the means of those who are prepared to make investments in the public lands, it is considered prudent not to estimate the receipts from this source of revenue at more than \$1,600,000; although it is believed, that they will exceed that sum.

Under these circumstances, the receipts of the year 1824 may be estimated as follows:

Customs16,500,000 00

Repayments of advances made in the War Department for ser-ces or supplies prior to July 1, 1816.....

Under the existing laws, there is no probability that any portion of the balance remaining in the Treasury on the 1st of January, 1824, or of the surplus which may accrue during that year, can be applied to the discharge of the public debt, until the 1st of January, 1825. Yet, it is not deemed conducive to the general prosperity of the nation, that so large an amount should be drawn from the hands of individuals, and suffered to he inactive in the vaults of the Banks. On the other hand, the high rate of interest of the great amount of debt which becomes redeemable on the 1st of January, 1825, renders it inexpedient for the Government to apply to other objects any portion of the means which it may possess of making so advantageous a reimbursement. It is believed, however, that every inconvenience may be obviated, if authority be given for the purchase of the seven per cent. stock, amounting to \$3,610,000, during the year 1824, at such rates as may be consistent with the public interest. As it is now certain that the Government will possess ample means to redeem that stock on the 1st of January, 1825, it is presumed that the holders will be willing to dispose of it, during the interval, at a fair price; and, as a gradual conversion of it into money, at such times and in such portions as would be most favorable to its reinvestment, would be most advantageous to the moneyed transactions of the community, it is presumed that it would be most acceptable to the holders.

It is, therefore, respectfully proposed, that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, be authorized to purchase the seven per cent. stock, during the ensuing year, at the following rates above the principal sum purchased:

1. For all stock purchased before the 1st of April next, at a rate not exceeding \$1 25 on every \$100, in an addition to the interest due on such stock on that day.

2. For all stock purchased between the 1st of April and the 1st of July next.

1. For all stock purchased before the lst of April next, at a rate not exceeding \$1 25 on every \$100, in an addition to the interest due on such stock on that day.

2. For all stock purchased between the 1st of April and the 1st of July next, at a rate not exceeding 75 cents on every \$100, in addition to the interest due on the last mentioned day.

3. For all stock purchased between the 1st of July and the 1st of October next, at a rate not exceeding, on every \$100, the amount of the interest which would have accrued on the last mentioned day.

4. For all stock purchased between the 1st of October, 1824, and the 1st January, 1825, the principal and interest due on the day of purchase.

In proposing to the consideration of Congress this application of the surplus means of the years 1823 and 1824, the probable demands upon the Government, in providing for the awards of the commissioners under the treaty with Spain, of the 22d February, 1819, have not been overlooked. It is believed, however, that funds may be advantageously supplied for the discharge of those claims, by the issue and sale, at not less than par, of five per cent. stock, redeemable in 1832; and it is respectfully proposed that authority be given for that purpose.

Of the \$10,331,000 of six per cent. stock, redeemable in 1825, about \$5,000,000 will probably be redeemed in that year; and there will remain unredeemed, after the application of all the means at the disposal of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, about \$5,331,000. This sum, it is believed, may be readily exchanged for five per cent. stock, redeemable in 1833: and it is respectfully suggested that provision be made by law, for such an exchange of so much of the six per cent. stock as shall not be redeemed during the year 1825.

The views which are berein presented, are founded upon the idea, that no extraordinary expenditure is to be incurred. If, however, it be deemed advisable to give increased extonsion or activity to the Navy, or to aid in objects of internal improvement, it is bel

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White clayed 6	,619,510 lbs. at 4 cer	18	264,780 40 ,374,768 24	Playing cards
2000年	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Shall Page	To reserve	Deduct exportation over importation viz:
SALT.—Imported, bushels Exported, bushels	4,345,326 a	t 20 cents	869,065 20	Cinuamon, .lbe. 1,233 25 308 2 Dollars. 2,042,790
Bounties and allowances reduced into bushels	767,701	DOM NOT	thursday do	C.
	807,003 3,538,323		161,400 60 6707,664 60	A STATEMENT, exhibiting the amount of American and foreign tonnage en ployed in the foreign trade of the United States, during the year ending the yea
6. ALL	OTHER ARTICL	ES.	UNITAL NAME	the 31st day of December, 1822. American tonnage in foreign trade,tons, 747,8
		Loantities. Rate.	Duties,	Foreigndodo. 113,2 Total tonnage employed in the foreign trade of the United States, 861,1
Ouck, Russia	·····pieces	43,281 200 43,356 125	86,562 00 54,195 00	Total withage employed in the fotoign static of the oblied states, on, i
Holland	pieces	1,624 250	4,060 00	Proportion of foreign tonnage to the whole amount of tonnage employed in t
heeting, brown Russia		10,744 160	17,190 40	foreign trade of the United States, 13.1 to 100.
white do	galis.	1,325 250 104,902 15	3,312 50 15,735 30	STATEMENT of Lands sold, and of Moneys received on account of Publi
casks	galls.	7,114 10	711 40	Lands, during the year ending on the 31st December, 1822.
il, spermaceti	galla.	1,868 25 2,819 15	467 00	AMOUNT RECEIVED. EXPENSES.
olive, in casks	galls.	19,439 25	4,859 75	OFFICES. IS A BANK THE TOTAL THE PROPERTY OF T
hocolate	lbs.	358,297 2 1,230 3	7,165 94 36 90	on the state of th
ugar, candy	lbs.	3,911 12	469 32	Acres Acres (Candon Service) 193 Acres (Candon Service) 160 Inches (Candon Service) 1930 Inches (Candon Service) 1930 Inches (Candon Service) 1840 Inches (Candon
other refined and lump.		515 12 342 10	61 80	Marietta, 2868 57 3585 63 9541 76 13127 40 1292 15 11999
ruits, almonds	lbs.	371,135 3	11,134 05	Zanesville, 14899 37 18627 88 47717 02 66344 90 2517 17 397 78 52518 Steubenville, 22821 36 28526 71 25619 07 54145 78 2981 24 51840
Currants		123,736 3 123,782 3	3,712 08 3,713 46	Callicothe, 8910 94 11138 49 2886 256 40001 05 2026 73 38444 Cincinnati, 6729 28 8411 60 95411 26 10382 286 3702 58 20 64 120533
Figs	lbs.	380,304 3	11,409 2	Wooster, 15051 33 19084 95 44283 21 63368 16 2348 00 61205
Raisins, in jars, and M	luscatel lbs.		77,783 52	Piqua, 11042 10 17499 74 17499 74 1706 08 128773 09 3948 31 135524
andles, tallow		3,106,616 2 26,127 3	62,132 32 783 81	Jeffersonville 14656 73 18321 66 51228 94 69650 60 2837 63 19 25 67789
Wax & spermaceti.		117 6	7 02	Brookville, 149335 26 192239 19 192239 19 7188 34 230981
heese	lbs.	56,789 9 144,355 3	5,111 01 4,330 65	Terre Haute, 73213 15 98784 24 98784 24 2784 73 62152 Kaskaskia, 1661 41 2076 76 17389 93 19966 69 1326 83 13864
allow	lbs.	1,884,150 1	18,941 56	Shawncetown 2050 12 2562 65 30710 91 33273 56 1772 94 32204
pice, mace	lbs.	759 100	769 00	Edwardsville 5373 22 6716 51 13087 56 19304 07 1403 95 9647 Vandaha, 2205 08 2756 35 2756 35 1406 36 500
Nutmegs		30,308 60 26,875 25	12,184 80 6,693 75	Palestine, 16474 01 20954 39 20954 39 1950 01
Pepper	lbs.	315,033 8	25,202 64	St. Louis, 11420 64 14393 95 49258 53 63652 48 3111 20 213 44 44094
Pimento		828,243 6 111,615 6	49,694 58 6,696 90	Franklin, 18621 76 17027 22 41631 18 58858 40 3725 13 62 50913 C. Girardeau 7121 30 9011 61 9011 61 3253 45 44594
Pobacco, manufactured, other	than snuff, &c lbs.	2,953 10	295 30	Lar. County, 22593 54 28375 26 28375 26 2208 96
nuffndigo		3,584 12 384,412 15	wine mark & local	Opelousas, 1000 00
Cotton	lbs.	87,042 3	2,611 26	Ouachita, 2352 47 2940 59 2940 59 1624 84 New Orleans, 80091 22 100132 03 100132 03 1904 67 78000
iunpowder	lbs.	123,038 8	DEF YORKS TO THE	S. Helana, CH 1000 00
Bristles		177,485 3 28,887 5	5,324 55	100000
aints, ochre, dry	lbs.		14,304 14	Jackson (C.
White and red lead	lbs.	62,157 1 3,650,563 3	932 35 109,516 89	St. Stephen's 5213 81 6510 98 23767 32 30278 30 2397 20 31965
Whiting and Paris whit	elbs.	950,559 1	3,505 59	
ead bar, pig, and sheet manufactured into shot.	the	3,076,990 1 1,611,971 2	30,769 90 32,239 42	Tuskaloosa, 91361 34 114171 84 114171 84 4464 70 199 96 236178
Cordage, tarred, and cables		299,541 3	8,986 23	
untarred		26.,686 4 395 284 4	10,507 44	
opper, rods and bolts		62,546 4	2,501 84	Incidental expenses, including salaries and com's. \$85,930 43
nails and spikes		28,731 4 590,165 5	1,149 24	
Vire, iron and steel, not above N	o. 18lbv.	284,671 9	29,508 25 22,380 33	
ron, tacks, brads, &c. not abo		43,374 8	2,168 70	4 CS4 S P. Catalogue P. Catalog
Nails	6 ozper M.	930,517 4	40 24 37,220 68	
Spikes		147,859 3	4,435 77	STATEMENT of Moneys received into the Treasury, from all sources, of
Anchors		127,782 2 97,605 50		
Pig	CWL	27,605 50 12,934 75	NOT AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.	
Bar, rolled	cwt."	99,297 150	148,945 50	New Internal Revenue, 67,544
Sheet, rod, hoop, &c	cwt.	530,172 75 35,620 250	00	New, Direct Tax, 20,098 From dividends on stock in the Bank of the United States, 297,500
teel	cwt,	18,403 100	18,403	From fees on Letters Patent, 6,000
Iemp		196,117 150 3,150 200		
opperas		16,308 100		
Coal	bushels	992,693 5	49,634 65	From vessels, &c. condemned under the acts prohibiting the Slave
ish, dried or smoked Salmon, pickled	harrels	1,474 100 1,509 200	PART OF TAXABLE PART OF TAXABLE	
Mackerel, pickled	barrels	204 150	306 0	From interest on balances due by Banks to the United States 543
Other, pickled		156 100		From moneys previously advanced on account of roads, under the
Window, not above 8	by 10100 sq. ft.	16,734 144 1,959 250		
10	by 12 100 sq. ft.	886 275	2,436 51	do. Third Census,
Boots	12 100 sq. ft.	2,554 325 105 150		
		3,383 38		
Shoes and slippers, silk			The second second	do. Balances of advances made to War Pepartment, repaid,

Was Design to Land to the state of the state	THE COURSE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T
War Department, balances of appropriations for the War Depart-	Naval Department, vis: Public Debt, vis:
ment, repaid, under 2d section of act of 1st May, 1820, 84,282 16	Pay of the navy
do. Balauces of appropriations for the Navy Department, re-	Provisions
paid, under 2d section of act of lat May, 1820, 267,169 30	Medicines
\$839,084 46	Repairs of vessels294,384 86 Reimburg and Louisiana stock 5,294 12
Francisco de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la companya	Ordnance3,953 14 Reinbursement of Mississippi
STATEMENT of the expenditures of the United States for the year 1822.	Freight and contingent expen-
Civil missellan and distances of the Onuca States for the year 1822.	ses
Civil. miscellaneous and diplomatic, viz: Completing road through Georgia 321 01	Navy-yards
Legislature	Superintendents, &c
Executive Departments19,465 83 Wood president762 84	Laborers, &c
Officers of the Mint 9,600 00 Militia courts martial. Thos.	Gradual increase
Surveying Department 11,044 46 . C. Miller president	Suppression of piracy
Com. of the Public Buildings 2,553 08 Militia courts martial, T.More	Pay and subsistence of the sury notes,
Governments in the territories and D. Fore presidents 606 50	marine corps87,929 53 7,848,949 12
of the United States 12,124 00 Militia courts martial, Gen.	01-11-
Judiciary 17,839 24	Fuel
1,158,131,58 Balance due the state of Mary-	O. M. stores and contingencies Civil
Annuities and grants 2,007 13 land	of the marine corps20,256 60 Miscellaneous644,985 15
Mint establishment	
Unclaimed merchandise 857 79 Army supplies	2,259.796 16
Light-house establishment145,951 76 Expenses of arsenals1,307 81	Military De-
Surveys of public lands115,922 83 Repairs of arsenals324 77	
Privateer pension fund 1,221 62 Repairing arms 5,791 05	Furchase of thirder
Appropriation of prize money 63: 20 Preservation of ammention3,203 42	stopaste of vessels damaged in
Trading bouses with Indians 9,570 60 Arming and equipping militia386,687 78	actions and actions are actions and actions and actions and actions and actions are actions and actions and actions and actions are actions and actions actions are actions and actions actions and actions are actions and actions actions actions are actions actions and actions actions are actions actions actions actions actions actions actions actions are actions action
Road from Cumberland to Ohio 3,904 77 Armories199,000 00	Chot, shells, and multary storest, 035 95 Name! Donnet
Roads within the state of Ohio 3,257 54 Relief of Gen. J. Wilkinson2,926 59	Repairs of the Constellation 450 00
Roads within the state of Ind. 32,629 46 J. Newsome and others 647, 80	Seventy louis and migates W From which de-
Roads within the state of Alab. 80 00 Elias Parks	Survey of the coast of North
Marine Hospital establishment 44,324 61 John Anderson1,300 00	Caronon
Public build's in Washington 126,859 18 William Gwynn47 50	Public Debt
TIPOLITA TO SEC. A AME AND AME	sons on board the Epervier.
2 1	Military stores, marine corps 10,500 35 \$ 17,676,592 63
## - A \$\$7:111. TY 1 0 007 00	35,337 20
	G.
C	STATEMENT of Lands sold, and of Moneys received on account of Publick
997000	STATEMENT of Lands sold, and of Moneys received on account of Publick Lands, from the 1st of January, 1823, to the 30th of June, 1823.
The state of the s	
venue and direct tax 3,234 82 Planters' Bank of N.O.8,495 70 Matthew M'Nair 1,776 95	AMOUNT RECEIVED. EXPENSES
Payment of balances due to Matthew M'Nair1,776 25	19 50013 010000 04 00 04 0 14 0 4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0
collectors of new internal Samuel Walker266 64	OFFICES. TO SERVICE STATE OF THE SERVICE STATE OF T
Probabilities of the slave trade 25 295 42 minute campaign 90 00	
Prohibition of the slave trade 25,395 42 minole campaign90 00	11 4 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Prisoners of war	162 0 2115 G 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Refunding duties on distilled Military & half-pay pensions 305,608 46	Marietta, 952 75 81190 97 8444 61 \$1635 58 \$531 44 8903 00
spirits 95 62 Indian department, (contingen-	Zanesville, 4699 66 5874 65 3353 10 9427 80 701 58 8732 14
Surveys of coast of Florida 3,150 00 cies)	Steubenville, 9147 69 11434 61 2209 53 13644 14 963 61 12335 20
Payment of certain certificates 2, 109 22 Civilization of Indians3, 127 96	Chillicothe, 3664 45 4590 54 2024 58 6000 12 714 60 5787 53
Miscellaneous claims101,461 03 Treaties with the Creeks and	Cincinnati, 2476 28 3095 35 8075 96 11171 31 718 62 679 07
Printing the Journal and Pro Cherokees	0701 17 0000 05 .0000.61 701.00
ceedings of the Conveu- Treaty with the Creeks 13,331 27	Delaware, 35080 51 43851 68 43851 68 1394 28 45263 57
tion which formed the Con- Pay of Indian agents	Jeffersonville 3107 75 3884 67 6188 28 10072 95 1259 14 43510 94
stitution of the U. States. 542 56 Pay of sub-agents	Vincennes, 4945 90 6197 19 5808 77 12005 96 1176 35 230 24
644 Ogs 1s Presents to Indians	Brookville, 40142 43 50178 13 50178 13 1436 09 28810 24
Diplomatic Department 26.014 78 Abnuities to Indians, per act	Crawfordsvile25375 47 31719 40 31719 40 1733 93 74690 27
	Fort Wayne, 327 72 25 806 14 1542 90 710 67 cons to
reign intercourse 23.648 28 Do. do 25th Feb. 1799 15,322 19	Kaskaskia, 573 00 736 25 806 14 1542 39 710 67 6004 10 Shawneetown 400 00 500 00 875 99 1375 99 741 69 460 00
Refler and protection of Ame-	Edwardsville 5227 11 6508 88 835 01 7343 90 850 88
rican seamen	
Treaty of Chent 14 749 94 Do. do 3d March, 1807 661 11	Palestine, 5468 87 6836 08 6836 08 887 71
Treaty with Spain	North of Ed-
Treaties with Mediterranean Dodo	wardsville, 922 28
1.043 00 Dodo3d March, 18112,235 07	Detroit, 17188 31 21485 91 87 25 21573 16 908 33 3982 57
7,040 50 Dodo26th April, 181650 00	S.D. of Mic. Territory, 327 72
104,079 51 Doudoun3d March 1817. 38.716 44	Territory, 327 72 St. Louis, 5199 47 6499 39 3775 13 10274 52 858 72 33961 90
Done of the army Department, viz: Dodo3d March, 1819117,050 00	Franklin, 6813 45 8555 12 4117 17 12672 39 970 10 17724 50
Pay of the army	CapeGirardeau 1031 66 1289 57 1289 57 631 96 . 16 00
Subsistence	Lawrence Co. 893 72 1117 15 1117 15 530 46 27369 00
Forage	Arkansas, 500 00
Clothing7th May, 182215,100 00	Opelousas, 500 00 00 500 500 500 500 500 500 500
Dodo7th May, 182218.107 10	Ouachita, 78 40 98 00 98 00 503 51
ment	NewOrleans, 345 82 432 25 432 25 1533 93 16380 11 500 00
Contingent expenses6,028 33 From which deduct the follow-	S.Helena, c.H. 300 00 Washington, 2496 04 3112 51 1364 95 4977 46 3103 47 45 40 5714 14
Ordnance department 263,553 78 From which deduct the follow-	Washington, 2496 05 3112 51 1005 30 4977 46 3103 47 45 40 5714 14 Jackson, ch. 500 00 375 00
Fortifications	ChoctawDis.
Repairs and contingencies of Expenses of recruiting11,932 25	Jackson, 5837 14 9015 34 9015 34 831 44
Rountice and man inne	St. Stephen's 319 43 399 29 836 38 1235 68 973 01 83 18 260 87
Africa Post of the Control of the Co	Huntsville, 6010 93 7513 62 3236 75 10750 37 1164 73 100 65 28923 85
Gratuitias 15 AFA OO	Cahaba, 6427 60 10752 53 41426 48 52179 01 2379 72 92267 10 Tuskalossa, 14770 89 19451 09 18451 09 738 07 199 36 31325 72
Washington	Tuskaloosa, 14770 89 19451 09 18451 09 738 07 199 36 31325 72 Sparta, 239 95 299 93 299 93 509 71
Calhoun30,000 00 Cannon, shot, shells, &c378 95	
The Rigolets	
Barracks at Baton Rouge 8,108 16 Survey of the Ohio and Mis-	Amount of moneys received from the 1st of January, 1823, to the 30th
Materials for a fort opposite sissippi rivers975 60	of June 1823, \$368,827 67
fort St. Philip30,000 00 Survey of the water courses of	Incidental expenses, including salaries and commissions, \$34,574 51
Quartermaster's department 387,422 69 the Mississippi	Repayments made to individuals 428 59
Military Academy, West Point 9,589 43 Boundary live between the U	35,003 11
Brigade of militia11,580 of States and the Creeks865 38	Net proceeds of lands, in the first two quarters of 1823 333,824 56
Surveys of ports and harbors 3 50 Boundary line Ind. cessions 15,000 00	Amount paid into the Treasury during the first
Medals for officers of the army 4,830 00 Claims against the Osages3,582 50	two quarters of 1823 Amount paid into the Treasury third quarter S515,395 20
New roof for barracks at Car-	
lisle	Carry Carry Control of the Carry Car
Arrearages	
Maps, plans, &c. for War Office140 22 189,384 82	
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H.	Treaty with the Creeks18,379 93 Inclined Plane, Docks, &c15,132 07
STATEMENT of Moneys received into the Treasury, from all sources, other	Choctaws 600 90 Houses for Ships in Ordinary 1,520 60
than Customs and Public Lands, from 1st January to 30th September, 1823.	Saganaw Treaty
From arrears of Old internal revenue	Treaty of Chicago
Direct tax of 1798 108 00	Purchase of Creek and Chero- Clothingdo24,194 25
New internal revenue	kee reservations34,500 00 Fuel
New direct tax	Annuities to Indians per Act of Military Stores
Dividend on stock in the Bank of the United States 350,000 00	25th Feb. 1799 19,262 93 Contingenciesdo 12,990 79
Fees on letters patent 3,510 00	
Cents coined at the Mint 5,280 00	3d March, 1805 1,000 00 1,793,591 60 21st April, 1806 15,925 00 From which deduct the fol-
Fines, penalties, and forfeitures 10 00	3d March, 1807 3.0 00 lowing Repayments:
Moneys received under the act to abolish the United States trading	19th Feb. 1808 5,700 00 Purchase of Timber 100 00
establishments	1st May, 1810 2,450 00 Purchase of vessels
Postage on letters	3d March, 1811 1,500 00 from 8 to 16 guns 1,532 03
Treatment branches	26th April, 1816 150 00 Captors of Alge-
Surplus emoluments of officers of the customs	3d March, 1817 26,236 62 rine vessels14,270 25
3d section of the act of 1st of May, 1820 44,410 64	3d March, 1819 70,950 00 16.602 28
Moneys previously advanced on account of the fourth census 3,178 84	15th May, 1820 3,000 00 1,776,989 37
Moneys previously advanced on account of military pensions 1,828 84	7th May, 1822 14,150 00 Public Debt, viv:
\$497,136 79	March, 1023 5,000 00 Tuterast and Reimbureament
	4,390,273 35 of Domestic Debt 3.745,405 13
I.	From which deduct the fol- Certain parts of Domestic Debt 504 97
STATEMENT of the Expenditures of the United States, from the 1st of January	lowing Repayments: Reimbursement of Mississippi
to the 30th September, 1823.	Fortifications3,572 26 Stock
Civil Miscellaneous, & Dinlonatie, viz: Nations on the American	Bounties and Pre- miums 2,985 47 Reimbursement of Treasury
Legislature	6 557 79 Hotes (Warrant dated in 1020) 20 00
Executive Departments364,125 39 Treaty of Ghent (1st Article) 2,072 22	4,383,715 62 3,751,407 17
Officers of the Mint	Newal Department with Recapitulation.
Commissioner of Public Build- Powers	1 Day of the Name 580 800 Civil799.966 68
ings	I December 140 075 AO SUSCELLEDEOUS, sassassas as a SSU, ZUZ 40
Surveying Department9,566 66 Military Department, vis: Governments in the Territories Pay of the Army, 736 790 09	Medicines
an real of the straightful str	Repairs of Vessels
- 10 - 00 Oa	Ordnance and Ordnance Storest, 830 66 Military De-
Judiciary	Freight and Contingent Ex- partment 4,390,273 35
	penses
Annuries and Olanisississississississississississississi	Navy Yards, &c
Titlit Establishment	Superintendents, &c28,817 19 Naval De- Labourers, &c14,933 62 partment 1,793,591 65
7 1. L. L. T. C. Slick 116 049 86 Ordnance	Gradual Increase239,030 40 Deduct
Surveys of Public Lands119,635 98 Quartermaster's Department 186,896 47	Suppression of Piracy101,977 95
Boundary Lines between Mis- Fortifications, (repairs and	Survey of the Coast of N. C402 00 Public Debt
sonri and Arkansaw	Florida 1,337 50 - \$11,422,847 30
Land Claims in Florida Ter- Fort Monroe	Prohibition of the Slave Trade 5,538 76
ritory	No. 1.
Adjustment of Land Claims in Washington24,971 93	
Michigan Territory500 00 Delaware	STATEMENT of the Debt of the United States, 1st October, 1822.
Road from Cumberland toOhio 5,289 48 Mobile Point56,050 00	Deferred six per cent stock (unredeemed amount) 1,224,778 55
Repairing Road from Cumber- Military Academy, West Point 8,559 38	Three per cent. stock
M-1-1- C OF 9 400 00	Exchanged &x per cent. stock 2,668,974 09
Roads within the State of In-	Six per cent. stock of 1812
Marine Hospital Establish- Balances due to certain States 6,841 50	Do. 1813 (16 millions)15,521,136 45
ment	Do. 7 1-2do 6,836,232 39
Public Ruildings in Washing- Repairing Arms	Do. 181413,011,497 63
ton	Do. 1815 9,490,099 10
Apartments in the City Hall, Army Supplies 2,231 20	Treasury note six per cent. stock
for the Circuit Court of the Repairs of Arsenals	Do. seven per cent
United States	Five per cent stock (subscription to Bank U. S 7,000,000 00
Theiden Gerry late Vices Armories	Six per cent. stock of 1820
President of the U States 1,000 00 Expenses of Recruiting	Do. do. of 1821
Rebuilding Public Wharf, and Militia Courts Martial, N. Y. 2,487 74	75,852,848 58
repairing Public Stores at Pa152 80	\$ 93,742,701 18
Staten Island	是一种,在10分别的一种的现在分词。
Purchase of the 6th volume of Eleanor Lawrence1,070 00	The estimated amount, per No. 3 of the Secretary's report of
the Laws of the U. States. 2,200 00 Mahlon Ford306 66	last year was 93,043,019 67
Payment of certain Certificates18 59 Col. Lawrence and others70 12 Payment of balances to Col. Officers, &c. of the Se-	From which deduct this sum, then short estimated, as reimburse-
and Committee of any and any	ment of the deferred six per cent. stock
The state of the s	Making, as above
Donahar - CW - W - Sacro -	In the 4th quarter of 1822 the following sums were paid on ac-
Payment of balances to Offi- cers of old Internal Reve-	count of the principal of the debt, viz:
nue and Direct Tax2,027 67 right Bank of the Mississipp 15,675 79	In the reimbursement of the deferred stock
Prohibition of the Slave Trade 2,682 08 Road from Plattsburg to Sack-	In payment of the six per cent. stock of 1820 2,000,000 00
Payment of Claims for properett's Harbor2,150 00	Leaving the amount of the debt, on the 1st of January, 1823, as
ty lost 100 00 Ransom of American Captives 1,763 90	per the following statement (2) at\$90,777,027 86
Additional Commercial Digest 1,000 00 The Rigolets20,475 00	(7)
Miscellaneous Expenses60,331 91 Arsenals	No. 2.
Roads and Canals in the State National Armory on the West-	STATEMENT of the Debt of the United States, 1st January, 1823.
of Missouri	
490,232 78 Materials for a Fort opposite	Deferred six per cent. stock (unredeemed account) 959,105 23 Three per cent. stock
Diplomatic Department95,505 56 Fort St. Philip697 20	Exchanged six per cent. stock 2,668,974 99
Contingent expenses of Fo- Revolutionary Pensions 1.449 466 45	16,921,179 28
reign Intercourse	Six per cent. stock of 1812 6,187,006 84
Relief and protection of Ame- Contingencies of Indian De-	Do. 1813 (16 millions)15,497,818 63
rican Seamen	Do. do 7½ do 6,812,845 44
Treaty of Ghent, (4th, 6th, Civilization of Indians9,031 17	
and 7th, Articles)	
THE CONTRACTOR AND ASSESSED FOR A SECURITION OF THE PROPERTY O	
Presents to Indians8,782 17	Do, seven do

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	CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	The second secon
Five per cent. s.ock (subscription to Bank U. S.) 7,000	000 00	
Do. of 1820 999	1,999 13	Talaga pro-
Do. 6f 1821 4,735	,296 30	14 14 月 月 月
Exchanged 5 per cent, stock issued in lieu of the same amount of 6 per cent, stock, under the act	diplinyon.	此的版。但对
20th April, 1822 5	6,704 77	1 SATE CALLS
street a market and stable and residence of the		73,852,848 58
and the modern factor and an extract the rest	\$	90,777,027 86
with the same was the factor of the same and	was the	50 网络克·哈里尔克
No. 3.	and the state of	physics in the
ESTIMATE of the Debt of the United States, 1st Oc.	lober, 1823	and 1st Jan-
On the 1st October, 1823.	0.000.05	
Deletion o ber commendation	2,082 35 6,23 45	
	8,974 99	
Exchanged o per ceut. stock		16,597,286 79
	7,006 84	
Do. 1813 (16 millions) 15,49	7,818 63	. Miras was
	2,845 44 1,437 63	Service Approx
	0,099 10	
Taxasury note 6 per cent. stock	6,847 34	STANCE OF SELECT
Do. 7 per cent. stock 8,60	6,490 27	AND THE PROPERTY OF
	0,000 00	2017年1月1日
	5,296 30	45人有效是20周期
	56,704 77	State of the last
stand in principles was made from property of the even		73,854,545 45
Amount 1st October,	1823	90,451,834 24
Amount per Statement (2) 1st January, 1823		90,777,027 86
Add three per cent. stock issued since	195 99	A Vincenting Co.
Treasury note six per cent. stock issued since	1,561 87	- a tera T
Treasury note seven per cent. stock issued since	135 00	1,829 26
	13.692.028	90,778,857 12
Deduct reimbursement of the deferred stock in the 1st	2d. and	00,110,001
3d quarters of 1823	********	327,022 88
Amount of the debt on the 1st Oct. 1823, as above		90,451,834 24
Add Treasury note stock issued since		716 75
Deduct estimated amount of reimbursement on deferre	d stock in	90,452,550 99
the 4th quarter, 1823	u stuck in	274,588 85
Estimated amount of the debt, 1st January, 1824		890,177,962 14
Listing to the door, and door,		
No. 4.		
Estimated amount of Treasury Notes outstanding,	on the 1st	October, 1823.
Total amount issued, (as per No. 4, of last report,).		\$36,680,794
Cancelled and reported on by the First Auditor	00,053,	357
Funded at the Treasury, from the 1st January to	the	ME
30th September, 1823	1,	315 36,654,672
0.	itstanding	\$26,122
Consisting of small Treasury notes	3,782	
Notes bearing interest	23,340	00
	\$26,122	
No. 5.	1377, 947	
STATEMENT of the stock issued under the act of supplementary to the act for the indemnification of lands in the Mississippi Territory," passed the 3d	certain clas	imants of public
Amount of claims awarded, per statement 5, of last a		
Algorit of Claims awarded, per statement o, of last i	· porter.	7,200,10. 12
Whereof, there has been paid in for lands, per said	report	. 2,447,535 39
Payments at the Treasury to the 30th September,	1727 Bl (48)	
1822, per do	5,477 07	
	1.05 2.00	1,813,356 86
Balance, 1st October, 1823 consisting of certificates	10 401 0	ALL BURNES
Outstanding	18,471 93 2,786 94	
Awards not applied for	2,.00 0	_ 21,258 87
A Company of the Comp		\$4,252;151,12
AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O	P 2408 33	
		a color digit with
and the second of the second o	Service of	All the State of the

Documents accompanying the Message of the President of the United States, to both Houses, at the commencement of the first Session of the Eighteenth Congress.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

[CONTINUED FROM POLIO 120.]

Having made such provision for the maintenance of the "ageney," during the approaching inclement season of the "rains,"
(nearly at hand,) and by a friendly intercourse and other means
moltified, as far as practicable, the excited temper of the neighboring chiefs; having afforded all the aid to the establishment, which,

under other circumstances, might have been deemed sufficient; my own health much impaired, my purser's wholly gone, and that of my officers by no means vigorous; having also placed a suitable vessel in the immediate vicinity of the colony, a cautionary measure, which should not be relinquished; I should have felt justified, considering the sickly season was about to set in, (particularly as the stores and supplies of the ship, from extraordinary calls, had become inadequate for a full expenditure for any length of time,) in leaving the coast for the United States; but, sir, I could not persuade myself to adopt this course, while much remained to be done for the security of a settlement, the object of which appears to be fraught with such benefits to our common country; especially as your instructions enjoined on me to do every thing for the agent and colonists which they might require; and it being the object of an officer to acquire the Government's, rather than his own, approbation; to which end, I was ready to encounter any hardship, and to make any sacrificice.

The cause alleged, on the part of the chiefs, for making war on the peaceable settlers at Mesurado, is merged in the statement previously given: namely, their never having had any intention to sell the Cape, the spot consecrated to one of their deities, or beings of superstitious idolatry; that collusion had been practised in the purchase; that it was not a fair and fully explained contract, as they were ignorant of the paper they had signed; with others, equally absurd and fallacious, founded neither in reason or truth. uch, however, were the causes set forth by them, in the various interviews had with the officers of this ship, during our stay, for their inexcusable and unprovoked enmity. But other latent inducements existed, far more operative, which doubtless formed the rue, and only cause of hostilities, committed by them on an unoffending people. The most prominent of these may be discovered in the embarrassments thrown in the way of the slave traffic, by a contiguous active check, restraining, by its presence, a trade they never can willingly forego; as, also, in the hope they entertained of being able to obtain, without risk or loss, the spoil and plunder of a successful war: for they had been led to believe, by emissaries sent among them by slave factors, that there would be much booty of stores, goods, &c. In these alluring hopes and prospects, at all times cogent with beings of their propensities and uncivilized habits, may be seen the leading motives for attacking the establishment at Cape Mesurado

Seeing these to have been their incitements; apprehending their present inaction was merely a truce for more vigorous preparation; finding that the chieftains were far from being inclined to abandon either their claims, or intentions, but waited only for a season better suited to further both; convinced, also, that the defenceless condition of the colony invited aggression; I determined, in despite of the plausible objections my own mind furnished to a longer continuance on the coast, to exert myself, during the short period I was permitted to remain, with a view of placing the settlement in the best possible state of defence. This wish became strengthened by information received from Dr. Dix, (whose friendly and social interviews with the Princes, enabled him to obtain much useful matter.) that another attempt on the colony was positively meditated, when the season inimical to the health of its defenders should set in; that they were sanguine in the hopes of then accomplishing their object, by the combined operation of war, sickness, and famine. My determination, on this point, received also additional strength, from a perspective of the fatal consequences which would inevitably result from renewed incursions on the part of these barbarians; while the means of security were inadequate to inspire confidence on the side of the assailed, or apprehension on the part of the assailants, expulsion was certain. The entire extermination of a remnant of colonists, who, confiding in promises made them previously to embarking, had consented to leave the happiest country in the world, to sojourn in the land of their forefathers, was not only possible, but too probable; added to which, the loss of a footing, happily acquired, in a situation second to none on the whole line of coast, after feaving Sierra Leone, and the consequent extinction of all future prospect of ever being again able to effect an establishment at a place so eligible, on terms so advantageous to the Society, and creditable to those who begotiated the purchase. A Martella Tower I conceived well suited to effect the object in view; a fortress of this character was desirable on many accounts, nay, appeared indispensable, not only to the end of affording protection, and giving security in the hour of invasion, but as being also the best calculated to produce a change of

thereby prevent the calamitous consequences justly to be apprehended; at all events, the consequences of harrassing and vexatious predations. Again, I considered it expedient to make also a proper impression on the minds of foreigners, jealous of an establishment, whose continuance and prosperity threatens an annihilation of the Slave trade, in that particular section of country lying adjacent to the river Mesurado: this, with me, was a consideration not without its influence. The foundation of the fortress being commenced, with the assistance of the Kroo-men, its progress was rapid; alacrity gave animation and activity, and promised a spee-dy completion of a competent defence. In fifteen days, a circular sive work of stone, measuring 112 feet in circumference, eight feet in thickness, and ten feet in elevation, was seen to tower above the surrounding heights, commanding the site for the town, and a wide range of the circumjacent country; capable of intercepting, by its position, any movement, made either within or without the bar of Mesurado river. In my expectations I was not disappointed. During the time this work was progressing, I had frequent opportunities of discovering its effect in neutralizing, in no small degree, the menacing designs of the natives. Every day brought me additional proof of a change in their intentions, wrought by an amicable and conciliatory conduct, conjoined with preparaby an amicable and conciliatory conduct, conjoined with prepara-tions for defence—formidable to any eye, but with them to all ap-pearance impracticable. I was happy in perceiving this revolution in their sentiments, this change in their designs: as a friendly un-derstanding with the powerful chiefs of the neighboring villages, is the true policy to be observed on the part of the emigrants at Me-surado. While this fortress was advancing, other operations, calsurado. While this fortress was advancing, other operations, cal-culated in an eminent manner to improve the settlement, were also undertaken and carried through: indeed, nothing was left undone which I had the power to do; conceiving that both the spirit and letter of your instructions required the performance of every thing which a limited means rendered practicable, tending in any way to ensure the success of an establishment instituted for colonizing the free men of color of the United States, and for the reception of captured emancipated slaves : objects commanding the approbation of every human heart, and the benedictions of thou sands, who are to be benefited by their accomplishment. While I witnessed with satisfaction the laudable undertakings drawing to a completion, I felt no small impatience to leave the coast before the commencement of the "rains"—frequent tornadoes, warning me of their approach, leaving impressions on my mind by no means tending to reconcile me to a stay of many days. The health of my crew was, at this time, comparatively good, considering the length of time we had experienced the debilitating effect of tropical heat, and I felt no small anxiety to preserve them in this state; for the service they were yet to encounter in the West Indies—a hope fondly indulged, but in which I was cruelly disap-

Our labors were nearly at a close, when my Surgeon was suddenly taken down, and on the sixth day was no more! The sick list received several names in the course of a few days; cases at first apparently slight, speedily assumed the symptoms of the coast fever! The appearance of this disease determined me, especially as the castle was finished, to delay no time in removing from the coast. In pursuance of this resolution, the crew were forthwith embarked, and the ship immediately put to sea. This measure, carried into effect with promptitude, encouraged a hope that there would be an end to a malady understood to be peculiar to the African coast, generated by the miasma and poisonous exhalations from vegetable decomposition and a deleterious atmosphere, thrown from waters which, after the annual deluge has subsided, become stagnant and pestilential.

uch was my expectation, from so salutary a charge; this expectation doubtless would have been realized, had the winds been sufficiently fresh and favorable to have enabled us to reach, in a short time, a higher latitude. It was not, however, our good for-tune to be thus propitiated—but the reverse was our lot—logs, calms, with an alteration of rains and intense suns, rendered our situation truly deplorable, and rapidly increased our sick list, so that, on the 25th of April, seven days after putting the ship to sea, the sick report contained the names of sixty of my officers and crew, and was for some time diminished only by death—not in fact ished, for death but made room for others, brought down with similar symptoms, and threatened with a similar fate. The ex-treme humidity of the atmosphere, and the confined state of the ship, in consequence of torrents of rain, had changed, in a great degree, the character of this distemper, giving it all the features of the typhus. The symptoms were not altogether exclusively those

attendant on this fever; they assumed a compound and multifarious appearance, not always equally violent, but in most cases equally fatal. In many instances, a general suffusion took place, the body exhibiting a deep yellow tinge, together with a highly discolored tongue-delirium, madness, instant prostration of strength, with convulsive contortions, carrying the victims off suddenly. In other cases, the symptoms were wholly different, vital decay producing a slow and destructive debility, resulting in extinction of life."

M.

From Dr. Ayres to the Secretary of the Navy.

Monrovia, Africa, July 18, 1823.

Sin: A few days after landing in Africa, all the new comers were taken ill; there has but one escaped the sickness; we have lost eight of our number. The colonists who were out before, have been very healthy; there has not been a case of fever among them since I have been out. We are now all on the mend, but

attended with a great degree of debility.

The captured Africans have been constantly employed in the defence of the colony, during the late war with the natives; and, since that time, the urgency of the affairs of the colony have been such that they have been constantly employed in preparing a defence for the place, which has deprived them of the opportunity of acquiring that information of agriculture and the mechanical arts which would benefit them in acquiring a livelihood in civilized life, according to the humane intentions of the President, expressed in his message to Congress, and approved by them.

Owing to this circumstance, I thought it my hounden duty to retain them a year longer, at the charge of the United States, to accomplish this purpose. I have placed them under the care of the Rev. Lot Carey, a colored man. A part of each day they are to attend, and the remainder of their time to labor, under the immediate diate care of Mr. Carey, in clearing and cultivating the land, whereby they will acquire a knowledge that will benefit them through life. Their labor is always to be under my immediate direction.

I have not been able to settle the accounts of Mr. Macauley yet. The Augusta left here, a few days after my arrival, for the North, and has not returned, and probably will not, until after the rainsso that I am without the possibility of communication with Sierra Leone, and unable to accomplish it.

The goods received in the Colony from the Trading Company of Baltimore, will enable me to dispose with the necessity of drawing bills on Loudon for necessaries, but can draw directly on the Government.

E. AYRES.

The Hon. Smith Thompson, Secretary U. S. Navy:

PROPOSED TARIFF.

House of Representatives, January 9, 1824.

A bill to amend the several acts for imposing duties on imports.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of representatives of the United States of America in Congres Assembled, That, from and after the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, in lieu of the duties now imposed by law on the importation of the artcles hereinafter mentioned, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, the following duties, that is to say:

First. On all manufactures of wool, or of which wool shall be a component part, a duty of thirty per centum ad valorem, until the thirtieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and iwenty-five; and after that time, a duty of thirty-three and one third per centum ad valorem: Provided, That, from and after the said thirtieth day of June, 1824, all woollen cloths, or cloth sof which wool shall be a component material. (excepting carnets and carneting, tankets, flances that the said thirtieth day of June, 1824, all woollen cloths, or cloth sof which wool shall be a component material. after the said thirtieth day of June, 1824, all woollen cloths, or cloths of which wool shall be a component material, (excepting carpets and carpeting, blankets, flannels, baizes, and other unmilled woollen and worsted or stuff goods) the original costs of which, at the place whence imported, with the addition of ten per centum, shall be less than eighty cents per square yard/shall, with such addition, be deeined and taken to have cost eighty cents per square yard, and shall be charged with duty accordingly: And provided, also, That all flannels and baizes, and all other unmilled woolien cloths, or cloths of which wool shall be a component material, excepting carpets and carpeting, and blankets, the original cost of which, at the place whence imported, with the addition of ten per centum, shall be less than forty cents per square yard, shall, with such addition, be taken and deemed to have cost forty cents per square yard, and shall be charged with duty accordingly.

and deemed to have cost forty cents per square yard, and shall be charged with duty accordingly.

Second. On all manufactures, not herein specified, of cotton, silk, flax, or hemp, or of which either of these materials shall be a component part, a duty of twenty-five per centum ad valorem: Provided, That all cotton cloths whatsoever, or coths of which cotton shall be a component material, excepting nankeens imported directly from China, the original cost of which, at the place whence imported, with the addition of twenty per centum if imported from the Cape of Good Hope, or any place beyond it; and of ten per centum if imported from any other place, shall be less than thirty-five cents per square yard, shall, with such addition, be taken and deemed to have cost thirty-five cents per square

tern Pasce, Wadington, Ib

yard, and shall be charged with duty accordingly. And that all unbleached and uncoloured cotton twist, yarn, or thread, the original cost of which shall be less than sixty cents per pound, shall be deemed and taken to have cost sixty cents per pound, and shall be charged with duty accordingly. And sli bleached or colored cotton yarn, twist or thread, the original cost of which shall be less than seventy-five cents per pound, shall be deemed and taken to have cost seventy-five cents per pound, and shall be charged with duty accordingly.

Third. On wool unmanufactured, a duty of twenty-five per centum ad valorem, until the first day of June, 1825; afterwards, a duty of thirty per

eventy-five cents per pound, and shall be charged with duty accordingly.

Third. On wool unmanufactured, a duty of twenty-five per centum ad valorem, until the first day of June, 1825; afterwards, a duty of thirty per centum ad valorem, until the first day of June, 1826; afterwards, a duty of forty per centum ad valorem until the first day of June, 1826; afterwards, a duty of forty per centum ad valorem until the first day of June, 1827; and, after that time, a duty of fifty per centum ad valorem

Fourth. On all Leghorn hats or bonnets, and all hats or bonnets of straw, chip, or grass, and on all flats, braids, or plats, for making of hats or bonnets, a duty of fifty per centum ad valorem: Provided, That all Leghorn hats and bonnets, and all hats or bonnets of straw, chip, or grass, which, at the place whence imported, with the addition of ten per centum, shall have cost less than one dollar, each, shall, with such addition, be taken and deemed to have cost one dollar, each, and shall be charged with duty accordingly.

Fifth. On printing types, on japanned wares of all kinds, on plated wares of all kinds, and on all manufactures, not otherwise specified, made of brass, iron, steel, pewter, lead, or tin, or of which either of these metals is a component material, a duty of 25 per cent. ad val.; on bolting cloths, 15 per cent. ad val.; on marble, and all manuon heir cloth and hair seating, 30 per cent. ad val.; on marble, and all manufactures of marble, 30 per cent. ad val.; on all paper hangings, 40 per cent. ad val.; on coach laces, of cotton, or other material, 35 per cent. ad val.; on all other laces, 12 1-2 per cent. ad val.; on lead, in pigs, bars, or sheets, 2 cents per pound; on leaden shot, 31 1-2 cents per pound, on red or white lead, dry, or ground in oil, 4 cents per pound; on Brussels, Venetian, Turkey, and Wilton carpets and carpeting, 50 cents per square yard; on all other kinds of carpets and carpeting, 50 cents per square yard; on all other kinds of carpets and carpeting, of wool flax, here or cetter, or pasts of either 20 cents per carpets and carpeting, 50 cents per square yard; on all other kinds of carpets and carpeting, of wool, flax, hemp or cotton, or parts of either, 20 cents per square yard; on all other carpets and carpeting, mats and floor cloths, made of tow, flags, or any other material, a duty of 30 per cent. ad val.; on hemp, 2 cents per pound; on flax, 3 cents per pound; on tarred cables and cordage, 4 cents per pound; on mitarred cordage, yarns, twine, pack thread, and seines, 5 cents per pound; on Russia duck, per piece of 52 archeens, 2 dollars each piece; on Raven's duck, per piece of 52 archeens, 1 dollar 25 cents each piece; on Holland duck, per piece of 52 archeens, 2 dollars 50 cents each piece; on cotton bagging, 6 cents per square yard; on iron, in bars or bolts, not manufactured, in whole or in part, by rolling, 1 dollar 12 cents per 100 weight; on round iron, or brazier's rods, of 3-sixteenths to 8-sixteenth of an inch diameter, inclusive; and ou iron, in nail or spike rods, slit; and on iron, in sheets, and hoop iron; and on iron, slit or rolled, for band-iron, scroll-iron, or casement rods, 3 cents per pound; on iron spikes, 4 cents per pound; on iron nails, cut or wrought, 5 and on iron, slit or rolled, for band-iron, scroll-iron, or casement rods, 3 cents per pound; on iron spikes, 4 cents per pound; on iron nails, cut or wrought, 5 cents per pound; on tacks, brads, and sprigs, not exceeding 16 ounces to the 1000, 5 cents per 1000; exceeding 16 ounces to the 1000, 5 cents per pound; on iron or steel wire, not exceeding No. 18, 5 cents per pound; over No. 18, 9 cents per pound; on anvils and anchors, 2 cents per pound; on iron cables or chains, or parts thereof, 3 cents per pound; and no drawback shall be allowed on the expertation of iron cables, or parts thereof; on mill cranks and mill irons, of wrought iron, 4 cents per pound; on mill saws, 1 dollar 50 cents each; on cross-cut saws, 1 dollar each; on whip saws, 1 dollar each; on hand saws 25 cents each; on tenon saws, 20 cents each; on broad axes, 30 cents each; on other cents each; on tenon saws, 20 cents each; on broad axes, 30 cents each; on other axes, 25 cents each; on hatchets, 15 cents each; on adzes, 25 cents each; or augers not exceeding half an inch, 2 cents each; above that size, and not exceeding I inch, 2:-2 cents each; above an inch, and not exceeding 1:1-2 inches, 3 cents each; above that size, and not exceeding 2:1-2 inches, 3:1-2 cents each; on blacksmiths' hummers and sledges, 2:-2 cents per pound; on claw hammers, for carpenters, 5 cts. each; on hoes, broad, 12 cts. each; on other hoes, 10 cts. each; on hoe of sand tongs, of iron, 30 cts. per pair; on muskets, 1 dol. 50 cts. per stand, on rifles, 2 dols. 50 cents each; on fowling and hunting pieces, single barrelled, 4 dollars each; double barrelled, 5 dollars each; on curriers' knives, 40 cents each; on cutting knives, 25 cents each; on drawing knives, 25 cents each; on scythes, 25 cents each; on sickles and reaping hooks, 12 cents each; on spades and shovels, of iron or steel, 20 cents each; on screws of iron, weighon spaces and shovels, of iron or steel, 20 cents each; on screws of iron, weigning 25 pounds or upwards, 8 cents per pound; on screws of iron, for wood, called wood screws, not exceeding 1 inch in length, 8 cents per groce; over 1 inch, and not exceeding 2 inches in length, 14 cents per groce; over 2 inches in length, 20 cents per groce; on vessels of cast iron, not otherwise specified, 1 1-2 cents per pound; on all other castings of iron, not specified, I cent per pound; on trying pans, 25 cents each; on gridirons and griddles, 20 cents each; on all vessels of copper, 10 cents per pound; on quills, prepared or manufactured, 1 dollar per 1000; on slates and tiles, for building, half a cent each; on black vessels of copper, 10 cents per pound; on quills, prepared or manufactured, 1 dollar per 1000; on slates and tiles, for building, half a cent each; on black lead pencils, 1 dollar 50 cents per groce; on tallow, 4 cents per pound; on tallow candles, 5 cents pers pound; on spermaceti caudles, 8 cents per pound; on acop, 4 cents per pound; on lard 3 cents per pound; on wheat, 25 cents per bushel; on potatoes, 10 cents per bushel; on coal, 6 cents per heaped bushel; on indigo, 25 cents per gallon; on casts oil, 40 cents per gallon; on ale, beer, and porter, imported in bottles, 20 cents per gallon; imported otherwise than in bottles, '5 cents per gallon; on beef and pork, 2 cents per pound; on hams, and other bacon, 3 cents per pound; on butter, 5 cents per pound; on winegar, 8 cents per gallon; on alum, 2 dollars and fifty cents per pound; on refused salt petre, 3 cents per pound; on blue or Roman vitriol, 4 cents per pound; on camphor, refined salt petre, 3 cents per pound; on Glaubersalts, 2 cents per pound; on camphor, refined, 12 cents per pound; on Camphor, crude, 8 cents per pound; on camphor, refined, 12 cents per pound; on Prussian blue, 10 cents per pound; on capernes, 2 dollars perone hundred weight; on pepper, 10 cents per pound; on cayenne papper, fitteen cents per pound; on pinnento, eight ceuts per pound; on chinese cassia, 10 cents per pound; on pinnento, eight ceuts per pound; on plumbs, prunes, Muscatel raisins, and raisins in jars and boxes, 4 cents per pound; on all other raisins, 3 cents per pound; on filterts, 3 cents per pound; on pinnento, on plumbs, prunes, Muscatel raisins, and raisins in jars and boxes, 4 cents per pound; on pinnento, on plumbs, prunes, Muscatel raisins, and raisins in jars and boxes, 4 cents per pound; on pinnento, cents per pound; on pinnento, on plumbs, prunes, Muscatel raisins, and raisins in jars and boxes, 4 cents per pound; on pinnento, cents per pound; on pinnento, on pinnento, cents per pound; on pinnento, on pinnento, cents per pound; on pinnento, on pinnento, c

25 cents per 100; on limes, 10 cents per 100; on window glass, not above 8 tuches by 10 inches in size, 3 dollars per 100 square feet; not above 10 inches by 12 inches in size, 3 dollars 50 cents per 100 square feet; and if above 10 inches by 12 inches in size, 4 dollars per 10 square feet; on black glass bouldes, not exceeding the capacity of 1 quart 2 dollars per groce; on bottles exceeding 1 quart, and not more than 2 quarts, 2 dollars 50 cents per groce; over 2 quarts, and not exceeding 1 gallon, 3 dollars per groce; on demijohns, 25 cents each; on glass beads, 50 cents per pound; on apothecaries' vials, of the capacity of 4 ounces, and less, 1 dollar per groce; on the same, above four ounces, and not exceeding 8 ounces, 1 dol. 25 cts. per groce; on all wares of cut glass, not specified 3 cents per pound, and, in addition thereto, an ad val. duty of 30 per cent; on all other articles of glass, 2 cents per pound, and, in addition thereto, an ad exceeding 8 ounces, 1 dol. 25 cts. per groce; on all wares of cut glass, not specified 3 cents per pound, and, in addition thereto, an ad val. daty of 30 per cent.; on all other articles of glass, 2 cents per pound, and, in addition thereto, an ad val. duty of 20 per cent.; on folio and quarto post paper of all kinds, 20 cents per pound; on foolscap and all drawing and writing paper, 17 cts. per pound; on sheathing paper, binders, and box boards, and wrapping paper of all kinds, 3 cents per pound; on all other paper, 15 cents per pound; a duty of 12 1-2 per cent. ad val. on all articles not herein specified, and now paying a duty of 12 1-2 per cent. ad val.; on all foreign distilled spirits, 15 per cent. upon the duties now imposed by law, and in addition thereto.

Sec. 2. And be it further enucted, That in all cases whatsoever, all articles composed or mixed of various materials, shall pay the highest duty to which articles manufactured from any of such materials are subject.

Sec. 3. And be it further enucted, That, from and after the thirtieth day of June, 1824, to the duties on all goods, wares, and merchandise, hereinbefore mentioned, or any other, there shall be added, and shall be collected and paid the full amount of such bounty or premium, or allowance in nature thereof, as, on the exportation of similar articles, may be given, paid, or allowed, in the country or place from which the same shall be exported, or in the country or place wherein the same shall be produced or manufactured; which shall be calculated and ascertained under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall, from time to time, fix and prescribe.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted. That an addition of 10 per cent. shall be made to the several rates of duties hereby imposed upon the several articles aforesaid, which, after the said respective times for the commencement of the duties hereby imposed, shall be imported in ships or vessels not of the United States.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That there shall b

gress to be admitted on payment of the same duties that are paid on like articles imported in ships or vessels of the United States.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed a drawback of the duties by this art imposed upon the exportation of any articles that shall have paid the same, within the time, and in the manner, and subject to the provisions and restrictions, prescribed in the fourth section of the act, entitled "An act to regulate the duties on imports and tonnage," passed the 27th day of April, 1816.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed a drawback of 75 per cent of the duties by this act imposed on tallow, which may be manufactured into candles or soap, by, for, or on account of, the person or persons importing the same, upon the exportation thereof within nine months after the said importation, and in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to allow drawback of duties on spirits distifled, and sugar refined, within the United States, and for other purposes," so far as the same may be applicable, and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

and under such rules and regulations.

The Treasury.

SEC 7. And be it further enacted, I had the existing laws shall extend to, and be in force for, the collection of the duties imposed by this act, for the prosecution and punishment of all offences, and for the recovery, collection, distribution, and remission, of all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, as fully and effectually as if every regulation, penalty, forfeiture, provision, clause, matter, and thing, to that effect, in the existing laws contained, had been inserted in, and re-enacted by this act.

Laws.

CHAP. 2. An Act authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to furnish, for the use of the Territory of Arkansas, an abstract of the Military Bounty Lands, within the san

lying within the same.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, to cause a complete abstract to be made out and transmitted, for the use of the Territory of Arkansas, to the Governor of said Territory, of all the Military Bounty Lands, which have been patented to the soldiers of the late army, or to their legal representatives, lying within the same, designating the tract, the name of the patentee, and the time when is-

Washington, Jan. 1, 1824. Approved : JAMES MONROE.

CHAP. 3. An Act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act for the relief of

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the oath prescribed by the act, entitled "An act for the relief of persons imprisoned for debt," passed on the sixth day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred, may be, in all cases, administered to the person entitled to take the same, either by any Judge of the Supreme Court of the United States, or by the District Judge for the District within which such person may be, or by any person or persons commissioned by any Judge of the Supreme Court, or the said District Judge, for that purpose.

Approved: Washington, Jan. 7, 1824.

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FIRS

Friday

A comme hich was I make a pro-Mr. Low and county Mr. Swir

mittee on F pediency of gineer Corp Alleghany

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